# Ethereum

virtual currency, state machines, and programmable money



## A Computer Science perspective

Who I am

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Software engineering lead Algorithmic Trading

## **BENDING SPEENS**

(2019 - current)

#### What I work on

# Algorithmic trading systems

Focus: 
Focus: 
the cryptocurrency market(s)



# What is Ethereum?



#### **digital currency** (Ether / ETH)

- store and transfer value (like Bitcoin)
- (costly) payment method

deterministic, distributed state
 machine; "programmable money"

a platform of decentralized
applications (DApps)







The **<u>Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM)</u>** executes the transactions to compute the next logical state.

**§** Chain of blocks = <u>"blockchain"</u>



The state is distributed globally
 State changes are governed by the rule of consensus

#### Consensus on the Ethereum network



Ethereum is robust to:

PartitioningBad actors

*f* Anyone can operate an Ethereum node.

Each Ethereum node keeps track of the current world state (= confirmed blocks).

*Gossip protocol* to broadcast the unconfirmed transactions, to be included in a future block.

**Proof of work**: some Ethereum nodes (the "miners") spend CPU time to "mine" the next block of transactions. Only one wins.

All the other nodes can verify that the miner correctly signed a block. Consensus is established:

- current block's transactions are added to world state
- miners start to work on the next block



("Wallet")

("Smart contract")

EOA is controlled by a private key.

Contract account contains EVM code.



EOA is controlled by a private key. EOA cannot contain EVM code. Contract contains EVM code. Contract is controlled by EVM code.

#### EOAs vs. contract account

	Externally Owned Account	Contract Account
Public address		
Private key		×
Ether balance		
Code (immutable)	×	
Data storage (mutable)	×	$\checkmark$
Can initiate transactions		×

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D Etherscan			All Filters V Sea	arch by Address / Txn Hash / Block /	Token / Ens	
th: \$2,690.84 (-0.72%) I 🔝 40 Gwei			Home	Blockchain - Tokens -	Resources - More -	9 Sign In
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Eth: \$2,691.08 (-0.71%) | 🗾 32 Gwei

Contract 0xd9e1cE17f2641f24aE83637ab66a2cca9C378B9F						
SushiSwap public address (contract)						
Contract Overview			SushiSwap: Router 🕑			
Balance:	0 Ether	balance (contract)				
Value:	\$0.00					

> Contract Creation Code	EVM bytecode (compiled)	Decompile ByteCode 2 Switch Back To Bytecodes View
PUSH1 0×80 PUSH1 0×40 MSTORE PUSH1 0×04 CALLDATASIZE LT PUSH2 0×014f JUMPI PUSH1 0×00 CALLDATALOAD	of the contract	



11	E	therscan					All Filters	~	Searc	ch by Address / Tx	n Hash / Bloc	k / Token / En	S			٩
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	۲	0x9a7f695996a9f4d639d	Swap ETH For Exa	14730812	7 mins ago	0xc18322da31	df55cf9a8		IN	🖹 SushiSwap:	Router	0.025273482	285692 Ether	0.00	604031	2

#### **API** of a smart contract: **functions** callable from EOAs or other contracts.

#### **Function types**

Pure: does not read nor write the s	state
-------------------------------------	-------

View: does not write the state

#### **Public**: can be called by transactions

- from other contracts
- from EOAs directly

**Private**: can be called only by the contract itself

Payable: the function can accept Ether

Contract Source Code (Solidity)

8	
9 -	interface IUniswapV2Pair {
10	event Approval(address indexed owner, address indexed spender, uint value);
11	event Transfer(address indexed from, address indexed to, uint value);
12	
13	<pre>function name() external pure returns (string memory);</pre>
14	<pre>function symbol() external pure returns (string memory);</pre>
15	function decimals() external pure returns (uint8);
16	<pre>function totalSupply() external view returns (uint);</pre>
17	function balanceOf(address owner) external view returns (uint);
18	function allowance(address owner, address spender) external view returns (uint);
19	
20	function approve(address spender, uint value) external returns (bool);
21	function transfer(address to, uint value) external returns (bool);
22	function transferFrom(address from, address to, uint value) external returns (bool);
23	
24	<pre>function DOMAIN_SEPARATOR() external view returns (bytes32);</pre>
25	function PERMIT_TYPEHASH() external pure returns (bytes32);
26	<pre>function nonces(address owner) external view returns (uint);</pre>
27	
28	function permit(address owner, address spender, uint value, uint deadline, uint8 v, byt
29	
30	event Mint(address indexed sender, uint amount0, uint amount1);
31	event Burn(address indexed sender, uint amount0, uint amount1, address indexed to);
32	event Swap(

#### Smart contract transaction: a simplified example



### The EVM as a Turing machine

*f* Ethereum contract code is **Turing-complete**: it can implement any computable function.

1 This makes Ethereum a *general-purpose* global distributed computer.

Therefore, the Ethereum Virtual Machine is equivalent to a Universal Turing Machine:
 Input tape: transactions, containing data + Ether
 Code: the smart contracts' function(s) to be executed
 State: the set of all smart contracts' states and account balances

**Output tape** ("side effect"): transfer of Ether across accounts

All good, but...



#### Problem #1: smart contract termination +



In computability theory, the **halting problem** is the problem of **determining, from a description of an** <u>arbitrary</u> computer program and an input, whether the program will finish running, or continue to run forever.

Alan Turing proved in 1936 that **a general algorithm** to solve the halting problem for all possible program-input pairs **cannot exist**.

The EVM is Turing-complete

If a smart contract runs forever, **the EVM gets stuck** (= unusable!)

X No way to detect and reject not-halting (or expensive) smart contract calls!



#### Ethereum's solution: an **economic disincentive**

How to avoid that users abuse the EVM with long-running programs? How does Ethereum guarantee termination?

- Each EVM opcode costs gas to execute
  - Users set a *gas limit* in each transaction
- The more code you run, the more you pay (up to the gas limit!)
- Gas limit is reached → transaction is terminated and <u>reverted</u>
  - Poly effect: the user pays the gas limit in full.



## Problem #2: replay attacks 👯

What is stopping people from *replaying* a transaction?

- 1. Alice signs a valid transaction: *"Send 0.5 Ether to Bob"*
- 2. The transaction is executed.
- 3. Bob reads the transaction from the public blockchain and **resends it to the network**.
- 4. Profit?



**Nonce**: A scalar value equal to the number of transactions sent from this address

Nonce: A scalar value equal to the number of transactions sent from this address



#### Smart contract example: ERC20 Tokens

USDC, USDT, SHIB, DAI, ... how to create a new **token** ("coin") on Ethereum? You must implement the <u>ERC20</u> *interface*.

Note: Ether (the native currency) is <u>not</u> an ERC20 token! (Wrapped Ether (WETH) is.)

```
interface IERC20 {
  /* Returns the amount of tokens in existence. */
   function totalSupply() external view returns (uint256);
   /* Returns the amount of tokens owned by `account`. */
   function balanceOf(address account) external view returns (uint256);
   /* Moves `amount` tokens from the caller's account to `to`.
   * Returns a boolean value indicating whether the operation succeeded. */
   function transfer(address to, uint256 amount) external returns (bool);
  /* ... more functions not shown here for brevity */
```

#### ERC20 reference implementation (link)

```
contract ERC20 is IERC20 {
  mapping(address => uint256) private balances;
   uint256 private _totalSupply;
   string private name;
   string private _symbol;
   function balanceOf(address account) public view virtual override returns (uint256) {
      return _balances[account];
   }
   function transfer(address to, uint256 amount) public virtual override returns (bool) {
       address owner = msg.sender;
      uint256 fromBalance = _balances[owner];
      require(fromBalance >= amount, "ERC20: transfer amount exceeds balance");
      _balances[from] = fromBalance - amount;
      _balances[to] += amount;
       return true;
   /* ... more implementation ...*
}
```





Ether is needed	To transfer ERC20 tokens, you need to pay transaction fees—using Ether.
Multiple implementations	Feature <i>and</i> bug. ERC20 is a mere interface: tokens can extend it.
Vulnerable implementations	Custom implementation may have exploitable bugs $\rightarrow$ assets at risk!
Malicious implementations	<ul> <li>Increase totalSupply() (inflationary token)</li> <li>transfer() to "wrong" destination</li> <li>"Blacklisted", frozen addresses</li> <li>Backdoors, rug pulls, "owner" accounts</li> </ul>

ERC20 tokens are just code.

**1** Careful when interacting with unknown / untrusted ERC20 tokens on-chain!

#### DApp example: Uniswap

#### **DApp = Decentralized App**

Wallet + web frontend + smart contract(s)

Uniswap: a decentralized exchange (DEX).

Swap ERC20 tokens without a central authority. Smart contracts execute the swaps directly on the users' wallets.

#### https://app.uniswap.org/



## Main and the metaverse play-to-earn in the metaverse

Metaverse: a universal, immersive virtual world, facilitated by the use of AR and VR headsets.

**Non-Fungible Token** (<u>ERC 721</u>): a smart contract implementing a "unique", collectible, transferable item.

Examples: lottery tickets, art, memes, event passes

**Play-to-earn game**: a MMORPG where users exchange economic value through the blockchain.

1 Faster, cheaper blockchains are typically used in place of Ethereum.

Game "currency" (coins, resources)	ERC-20 token ( <u>fungible</u> )
Collectibles (equipment, armor, cards, medals)	ERC-721 token ( <u>non-fungible</u> )





=

Decentralized Finance



ETHEREUM DeFi Map by Simone Conti





# Conclusion



- Ethereum: a distributed FSM
- Consensus mechanism
- Accounts and contracts
- Transactions
- Termination and gas fees
- Replay attacks and nonces
- ERC20 tokens
- Applications

# References



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